#### PROJECT 10073 RECORD CARD

1.	DATE	Viesbaden AB, Germany  4. TYPE OF OBSERVATION		12. CONCLUSIONS  D Was Balloon
	DATE-TIME GROUP			D Probably Balloon D Possibly Balloon
1	CMT 22/1300Z PHOTOS D'Yes XD No	☐ Ground-Vi sual	DCGround-Radar	□ Was Aircraft □ Probably Aircraft
5.		6. SOURCE Military		D Possibly Aircraft  Was Astronomical
				D Probably Astronomical D Possibly Astronomical
7.	LENGTH OF OBSERVATION	8. NUMBER OF OBJECTS	9. COURSE	D Insufficient Date for Evaluation Unknown
	5-6 minutes	one	not given	
10.	BRIEF SUMMARY OF SICHTING		11. COMMENTS	
	Target picked up on rancormal a/c, size 2' to than any blip seen on disappeared at same az as when first sighted.	3 times larger radar set. Blip imuth & range	propogation	sed by anamolous

ATIC FORM 329 (REV 26 SEP 52)

22/13002 Multi

SUBJECT: Request for Analysis - Electronic UFO Report

TO: AFCIN-4E4

FROM: AFCIN-4E1

DATE: 18 Dec 57/ COMMENT NR 2 AFCIN-4Ela/V. D. Bryant/je 72131/Bldg 263-D/Rm 8

1. This office concurs in the opinion held by DCS/Comm 12th AF that this sighting was anomalous propagation. The type of blip received is the type which would be expected from anomalous propagation, and is not typical of interference from other radars.

1 Incl

Edmi Mhamme John GORDON C. HOFFMAN Capt Colonel, USAF AFCIN-4E1

UNCLASSIFIED (SECURITY INFORMATION when (CLASSIFICATION) ON OF DRIGHT REPORT NO. (Loave blank) Carmany. IR-1334-57. AIR INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION REPORT REA REPORT CONCLUES Cormany ASENCE OF CHIGH DATE OF REPORT USAFE, ATI Directorate 28 Oct 1957 SOURCE OF INFORMATION DATE OF INFORMATION Pth AAA (See below) 24-25 Oct 1957 "REPAIRING OFFICER EVALUATION CHARLES F. REICHMUTH, 1st Lt, A-2 REPERINCES (Control ournher, directine, previous report, the, exapples " Page 1 of 4 Pages AFR 200-2 SUBJECT UPOB Silmmery (Parter conglist summary of report. Give significance in final encountence; rangeaph. I. st indicance at the critical test of report on AF Form 1180. 1. Part II of this report concerns the report and investigation of an UFOB observed on radar on 22 October 1957 at Wiesbaden Air Base, Germany. 2. The 12th AF Tactical Control System and the 18th Weather Squadron (MATS), Detachment #12, were also checked for appropriate information. 3. This information will be of interest to the Air Technical Intelligence Center, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio. APPROVED: (ATILO Effort All) GEORGE R. HUNDT Colonel, USAF Dir., Air Tech Intel DISTRIB TION BY ORIGINATOR USAFE- 2 4971015-1 1=1-11 LM - 1 WARNING: This document contains information affecting the national defense of the United States within for meaning of the Espiomago Laws, Title 18, U. S. C., Section 793 and 794. Its transmission or the covolution of its enquate in any fanter to an unauthorized person is prohibited by low. It may not be reproduced in wheth or in part, by other than United Star Mit Force Advantos, except by AF 1 GGI 52 112 THE REST OF HOLD WAY IN BLACK Charles werest

R-1

# AIR INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION REPORT

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#### 1. Description of Object:

- a. Shale was that of a normal sireraft target as seen on a PPI scope
- b. Sine was 21 to 5 times larger than that of any target "blip" seen by convers on the given radar set.
  - c. 0/A
  - d. Only one "bli;" was observed
  - 0. N/A
  - P. 1
  - sc . 1
  - 10 11
- t. The "target" moved line every sweep of the radar bone. The beam makes 8 rem. Thus, the "target" spend would be 6240nm per/hour. The two observers stated that their radar operates such that a normal target appears on the PPI so we about 3 times for every 3 sweeps of the beam. The UPOB "blig" a peared on every sweep of the radar beam.

#### 2. Description of Course of Object:

- a. "Bit," was first noticed on the PPI acope because of its relative-
- b. "Blip" first seen at azimuth of 5100 miles (286.5°) at a range of approximately 160 nautical miles. Raiar dil not have elevation measuring features.
  - c. "Blig" disappeared at same azimuth and range as when first sighted.
- d. "Blip" remained on a constant azimuth. After appearing at about 150m it closed to a range of about 45-50ms. It reversed direction without turning around or changing speed and went outbound on same azimuth until disappearing at range of 150mm (at the rim of the PPI scope). After a few seconds the "blip" reappeared and followed the same path as mentioned above. It disappeared a second time, again for a few seconds, reappeared a third time, repeating the path described above a third time, and then disappeared from view.
  - e. See i. above
  - f. Observed for 5-5 minutes.

#### 3. Manner of Observation:

- a. Ground electronic, AN, TPSID surveillance radar, wereting on L band, 1727 to 1550 Me. Normal electronic range of radar is 150ms, although "bli;" was seen as far as 150ms.
  - . b. 11/A
    - 0. "

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE ESPIONAGE ACT, 57 U.S. C.—
31 AND 3C, AS AMENDED. ITS TRANSMISSION OR THE REVELATION OF ITS CONTENTS IN ANY MANNER TO AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON IS PROHIBITED BY LAW.
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# AF FORM 112-PART II

(CLASSIFICATION)

## AIR INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION REPORT

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#### 4. Time and Date of Sighting:

- a. First seen at about 1500Z, 22 October 1557.
- b. Dog light conditions.
- 5. Location of Observ rs was at Wiesbeden Air Base, Germany,

### C. The Charvers were:

- a. Richard L. GUTSHALL, SP3, 8th AAA Bn.
- b. Wayno L. COATES, SPJ, 8th AAA Bn.
- c. Both observers are considered competent and reliable men.

## 7. Weather Conlittons:

a. 11/A

b. Weather conditions at time of "sighting" were checked with Major C. O. SEAMAN, Detachment #11, of the 18th Weather Squadron (MATS), Lindsey Air Base, Wiesbaden. He gave the following information from a Bitburg RAOB taken at 1200Z on 32 October 1957:

(1) There was a complete overcast at lew altitude. An extensive were cloud mass was in the Bitburg area.

(4)	ELEVATION	TEMPERATURE	DEW POINT
	Surface	+ 7°C	+ 3°C
	900 mb	- 1°C	- 4°C
	dia 028 dia 008	- 2°C - 4°C	-17°C
	780 mb	- 3°C	-19°C

- 9. Major Scaman stated that wenther conditions were such that anomalous propogation of a radar bear could occur. He could not state, however, that this was the actual reason causing the reser blis.
  - O. Negative
- 10. Several aircraft were operating in the violaity of the radar range in-

#### 11. Comments of the Proparing Officer:

caused by other redar coerating on the came frequencies, or multiples of it) existed. They referred to this interference as "rabbits". However, they ateted tent they were positive that the UFOB "blip" was that other than "rabbits". Their Covernder, Captain KOREMS, an electronics officer, verified this upon hear-ing the beam eximush line at right angles (see Par 15 above).

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## AIR INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION REPORT

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b. The Electronics Branch, DCS Comm, 12th Air Force, was also contacted. Cartain Ralph E. HOOVER, of that organization, hade a shock of all radar stations in the area of "sighting" through the Air Control Center, Tactical Control System, 12th Air Force. All stations had a nagative report. ECM outfits ware also chucked by Castain Hoover through Captain Glandenning, Operations, 12th Air Force. In discussing the "sighting" with Captain Hoover, he stated that he were almost positive that the "blip" was caused by anomalous propogation. He stated that this occurs commonly in dry weather at rader stations located near mountainous terrain; however, that it could occur in flat terrain, as is the case in the area of this "sighting".

c. The weather conditions (see Par 70) were such that a layer of dry sir did exist above the evercust at the time of sighting. The westher officer, Major Tranan, stated that 780 mb. would be at an altitude in the vicinity of 7040 feet.

d. It is estimated that the UFOB was electronic phononing caused by anomalous propogation.

> Charles T. Keichmund CHARLES F. REICHWUTH

lot Lt, USAF

Aircraft Division

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17-1334-57

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